**AT A GLANCE**

- water-soluble lubricating gel to facilitate safe and atraumatic placement of airway devices
- sterile, helps prevent contamination of intubation site
- break-off-tip for quick release
- prefilled accordion tube enables easy handling and controlled dosage
- single-dose (8.5 g), ideal for application during one intubation procedure
- sterile
- individually packed

**FACILITATING INTUBATION WHILE PREVENTING CONTAMINATION**

TrachJell is a greaseless water-soluble lubricating gel intended for use in airway management. For instance, a lubricating gel is necessary when introducing a laryngeal mask into a patient’s oropharyngeal space. In order to avoid patient trauma, TrachJell may also be used to facilitate the insertion of a tracheostomy cannula. Furthermore, TrachJell can be used with endotracheal tubes or double lumen tubes in order to facilitate intubation.

Numerous clinical studies have demonstrated that lubrication in both laryngeal masks and endotracheal tubes has the following advantages:

- it facilitates correct insertion by acting like saliva during normal swallowing
- it helps overcome the sore throat and pharyngeal mucosal bleeding associated with oral endotracheal intubation
- it prevents aspiration by plugging the channels in the cuff wall
- significantly reduces fluid leakage past the tracheal cuff of double lumen tubes and should be considered for all thoracic surgical patients requiring one-lung ventilation

The use of a sterile lubricating gel also helps enormously to prevent the intubation field from contamination. TrachJell is applied and acts topically. It is colourless and odourless, and contains no active ingredients.

It is supplied in prefilled accordion containers for exact dosage and with a break-off tip for quick release. TrachJell is extremely convenient, easy to use and increases the safety of your procedures for you and your patients.
HOW TO USE TRACHJELL®

Laryngeal mask placement: lubrication should be thorough, but it is important to avoid leaving globules of lubricant on the anterior surface of the cuff, or in the bowl of the mask. This is because it may result in blockage of the aperture or inhalation of lubricant after insertion, and lead to laryngeal spasm, coughing or obstruction. There is no need to smear the whole back surface but simply to place a bolus in the saucer-shaped depression in the dorsal tip prior to introduction. Avoid getting lubricant on the index finger since this will make it difficult to grip the laryngeal mask during insertion 1.

When performed on an ETT, the distal tip of the tube is lubricated so it can pass smoothly into the trachea. If an introducer is used, it should also be lubricated to facilitate sliding into and out of the tube and to enable it to be removed easily.

ORDERING INFORMATION

<table>
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<tr>
<th>REF.</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
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<tr>
<td>556100-000000</td>
<td>water-soluble lubricating gel</td>
<td>25</td>
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<td></td>
<td>8.5 g</td>
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<td>sterile, single use</td>
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Composition of the gel: hydroxyethylcellulose, glycerol, water for injection, sodium chloride. After oral administration, sodium chloride as well as glycerol are readily absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract (Sweetman, 2002a & b). The gel has a pH of 5.

The required dose at your fingertips.

The information provided here on the application of TrachJell is no substitute for carefully reading the instructions for use.

TrachJell is a product of Montavit, Austria